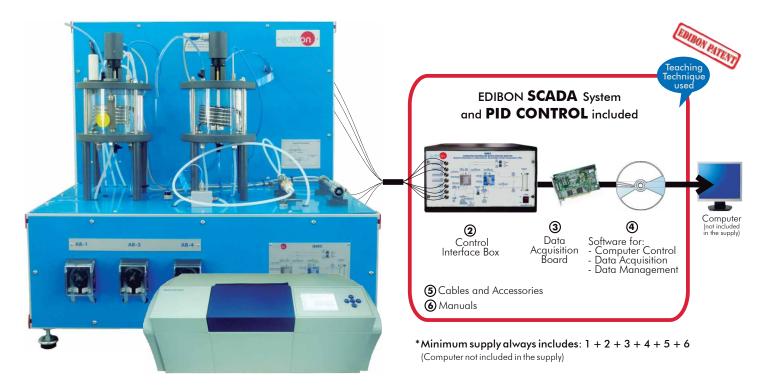


# Computer Controlled **Batch Enzyme Reactor**, with SCADA and PID Control

ith SCADA and PID Control





1 Unit QREC. Batch Enzyme Reactor.

# Key features:

- Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.
- Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.
- National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).
- Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.
- ➤ Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.
- Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.
- Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.
- Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).
- Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.
- Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results.
- This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

For more information about Key Features, click here:













Certificates ISO 14000 and ECO-Management and Audit Scheme (environmental management)



**OPEN CONTROL** 

REAL TIME CONTROL



#### INTRODUCTION =

In a chemical reaction, the process of catalysis is the increase or decrease in rate of a chemical reaction (reaction kinetics) caused by a catalyst.

Nowadays, research and development of catalysts are extremely important in the chemical industry. It is thought that approximately 90% of industry-made chemical products involve some catalytic process in their processing.

One of the main characteristics of catalysts is that they are not consumed by the chemical reaction, although they may suffer some deterioration. This deterioration is due to the loss of their catalytic features. For that reason, it is important for the students to understand the immobilization of catalysts in the reactors, a fact that prevents them from being dragged by the final products.

The Computer Controlled Batch Enzyme Reactor (QREC) is a batch enzyme reaction unit designed to perform glucose isomerisation and analyse the glucose and fructose concentrations with a polarimeter.

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Computer Controlled Batch Enzyme Reactor (QREC) is an unit designed to perform the glucose isomerisation reaction catalyzed by glucose isomerase in a batch reactor. This unit allows to demonstrate batch enzyme kinetics and enzyme characteristics.

The QERC is divided in three main sections: stirred batch reactor, coil heat exchanger and polarimeter.

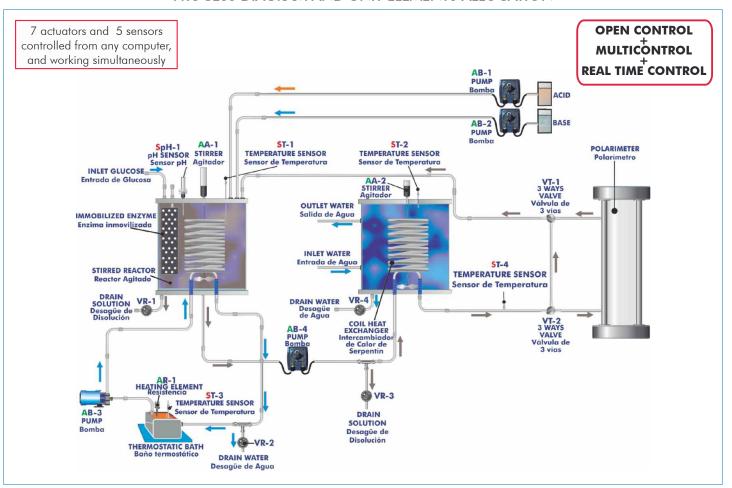
The isomerisation reaction takes place inside the batch reactor, where a fixed catalyst basket immobilizes the enzyme (biological catalyst) and a stirrer increase the efficiency of the mixture. This reactor has a coil through which hot water circulates to favor the reaction. It is made of glass to facilitate the visualization of the reaction. A temperature sensor measures the temperature in the reactor. It can be controlled with the PID control through the control software. This temperature sensor and a pH sensor allow to study the influence of environmental conditions on enzyme activity. The unit allows to adjust the pH value by adding acid and base solutions.

A continuous sampling loop driven by a peristaltic pump takes a small volume of solution from the reactor. This solution is transferred to the coil heat exchanger, where it is cooled. This heat exchanger is made of acrylic material and glass and includes a stirrer, a temperature sensor to measure the temperature in the heat exchanger and other sensor to measure the temperature of the solution at the outlet of the heat exchanger.

The cool solution passes through a polarimeter, where the angle of rotation of the polarized light is measured. From this measurement, the concentration of glucose and fructose can be calculated.

This Computer Controlled Unit is supplied with the EDIBON Computer Control System (SCADA), and includes: The unit self + a Control Interface Box + a Data Acquisition Board + Computer Control, Data Acquisition and Data Management Software Packages, for controlling the process and all parameters involved in the process.

#### PROCESS DIAGRAM AND UNIT ELEMENTS ALLOCATION



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# COMPLETE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (for main items)

With this unit there are several options and possibilities:

- Main items: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.
- Optional items: 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Let us describe first the main items (1 to 6):

#### ① QREC. Unit:

Bench-top unit.

Anodized aluminum structure and panels in painted steel.

Main metallic elements made of stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

Stirred batch reactor:

A reactor, made of acrylic material and glass, where the isomerisation reaction takes place. It allows the visualization of the reaction. Reactor volume: 1.8 l.

An inner coil, made of stainless steel, through which hot water circulates to favor the isomerisation reaction.

A fixed catalyst basket immobilizes the enzyme, made of stainless steel.

The reactor includes a water inlet and a water outlet for the hot water flow system, a drain and a purge valve.

A computer controlled stirrer impeller to increase the efficiency of the enzyme-solution mixture; speed: 0-200 rpm.

The pH value of the solution can be adjusted by using the acid/base circuit system.

#### Coil heat exchanger:

A reactor, made of acrylic material and glass, where a small volume of the transferred solution of the reactor is cooled. Exchanger volume: 1.8 l.

An inner coil (of stainless steel) through which the reaction solution circulates.

A computer controlled stirrer to homogenize the temperature in the heat exchanger; speed: 0-200 rpm.

The exchanger includes a water inlet and a water outlet from the refrigeration system, a drain valve and a purge valve.



The polarimeter allows to measure the angle of rotation of polarized light to determine the concentration of glucose and fructose in the solution, angle of rotation, range: ±45.

The polarimeter includes two polarimetric tubes of different length: 100 mm and 200 mm.

A computer controlled peristaltic pump to transfer a small volume of solution from the stirred batch reactor to the coil heat exchanger; flow: 65 ml./min.

4 "J" type temperature sensors:

1 Temperature sensor located at the stirred batch reactor to measure the temperature of the mixture inside the reactor.

2 Temperature sensors located at the coil heat exchanger to measure the temperature of the water inside the heat exchanger and the outlet temperature of the solution.

1 Temperature sensor located at the thermostatic bath of the hot water circulation system.

A pH sensor measures the pH of the mixture inside the stirred batch reactor; range: 1-13.

A hot water circulation system, including:

Computer controlled pump.

Thermostatic bath, controlled by a PID from the computer (PC).

An acid/base circuit system, including:

Two peristaltic pumps (computer controlled) to introduce an acid or base solution into the stirred batch reactor.

Two vessels to contain the acid and base solutions.

A pressure reducer at the water inlet of the coil heat exchanger, range: 0.5 - 6 bar.

Two 3-way directional valves, which divert the solution between the polarimeter and the bypass.

Two valves are used to drain the solution from the hot water circulation system and to drain solution from the coil heat exchanger.

The complete unit includes as well:

Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.

Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.

Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.

National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).

Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking measurements.

Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.

Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.

Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.

Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).

Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.

 $Optional\,CAL\,software\,helps\,the\,user\,perform\,calculations\,and\,comprehend\,the\,results.$ 

This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.



QREC. Unit

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#### ② QREC/CIB. Control Interface Box:

The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system.

<u>Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel</u> and with the same distribution that the different elements located in the unit, for an easy understanding by the student.

All sensors, with their respective signals, are properly manipulated from -10V. to +10V. computer output. Sensors connectors in the interface have different pines numbers (from 2 to 16), to avoid connection errors.

Single cable between the control interface box and computer.

The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled, without necessity of changes or connections during the whole process test procedure.

Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process.

Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

Storage of all the process data and results in a file.

Graphic representation, in real time, of all the process/system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

All the actuators and sensors values and their responses are displayed on only one screen in the computer.

Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.

Real time PID control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the PID parameters, at any moment during the process. Real time PID and on/off control for pumps, compressors, resistances, control valves, etc. Real time PID control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously. Proportional control, integral control and derivative control, based on the real PID mathematical formula, by changing the values, at any time, of the three control constants (proportional, integral and derivative constants).

**Open control** allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Possibility of automatization of the actuators involved in the process.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.

# ③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board:

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system.

PCI Express Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot.

Bus PCI Express.

#### Analog input:

Number of channels=16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Input range (V) =  $\pm 10$  V. Data transfers = DMA, interrupts, programmed I/0. DMA channels = 6.

# Analog output:

Number of channels=2. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Maximum output rate up to: 900 KS/s.

Output range(V) =  $\pm 10$  V. Data transfers = DMA, interrupts, programmed I/0.

# Digital Input/Output:

Number of channels = 24 inputs/outputs. D0 or DI Sample Clock frequency: 0 to 100 MHz.

Timing: Number of Counter/timers=4. Resolution: Counter/timers: 32 bits.

# @ QREC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software:

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with actual Windows operating systems. Graphic and intuitive simulation of the process on the computer screen. **Compatible with the industry standards**.

Registration and visualization of all process variables in an automatic and simultaneous way.

**Flexible, open and multicontrol software**, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control.

PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

 ${\bf Calibration}\ system\ for\ the\ sensors\ involved\ in\ the\ process.$ 

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Comparative analysis of the obtained data, after the process and modification of the conditions during the process.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.



**Manuals:** This unit is **supplied with 8 manuals:** Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

\* References 1 to 6 are the main items: QREC + QREC/CIB + DAB + QREC/CCSOF + Cables and Accessories + Manuals are included in the minimum supply for enabling normal and full operation.



QREC/CIB





QREC/CCSOF

# EXERCISES AND PRACTICAL POSSIBILITIES TO BE DONE WITH MAIN ITEMS

- 1.-Study of the principles of catalytic batch reactors.
- Study of the type of enzyme in the specific activity of a catalytic batch reactors.
- 3.-Determination of optical rotation of fructose and glucose.
- 4.-Demonstration of Biot's law.
- 5.-Study of the principles of polarimetry.
- Determination of the glucose and fructose concentration by polarimetry.
- Study of the influence of different variables (solution concentration, reaction temperature, reaction pH) on enzyme activity.
- 8.-Determination of Michaelis-Menten rate equation constants in a batch enzyme reactor.
- Determination of the enzyme specific activity through Michaelis-Menten equation and Lineweaver-Burke plots.
- 10.-Study of the principles of batch enzyme kinetics.

Additional practical possibilities:

11.-Sensors calibration.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

12.-Many students view results simultaneously.

To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

13.-Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 14.-The Computer Control System with SCADA and PID Control allow a real industrial simulation.
- 15.-This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 16.-This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 17.-This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 18.-Control of the QREC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 19.-Visualization of all the sensors values used in the QREC unit process.
- By using PLC-PI additional 19 more exercises can be done.
- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

# REQUIRED SERVICES =

- Electrical supply: single-phase, 220V/50Hz or 110V/60Hz.
- Water supply and drainage.
- Computer (PC).
- D-Glucose.
- Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>.
- NaHCO<sub>3</sub>.
- H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.
- MgSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O.
- NaSO<sub>3</sub>.
- Enzymes for the isomerization reaction.

# DIMENSIONS & WEIGHTS

QREC:

Unit: -Dimensions: 800 x 700 x 800 mm. approx.

(31.49 x 27.55 x 31.49 inches approx.)

-Weight: 60 Kg. approx.

(132.3 pounds approx.).

Polarimeter: -Dimensions: 600 x 320 x 220 mm. approx.

(23.62 x 12.59 x 8.66 inches approx.).

-Weight: 18 Kg. approx.

(39.68 pounds approx.).

Control Interface Box: -Dimensions: 490 x 330 x 310 mm. approx.

(19.29 x 12.99 x 12.20 inches approx.).

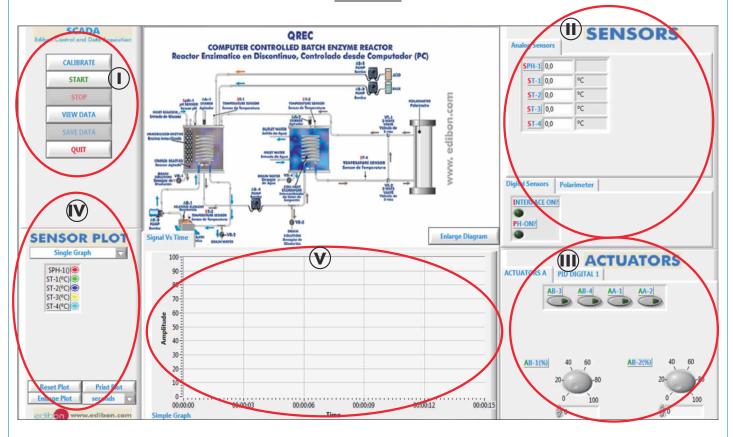
-Weight: 10 Kg. approx.

(22 pounds approx.).

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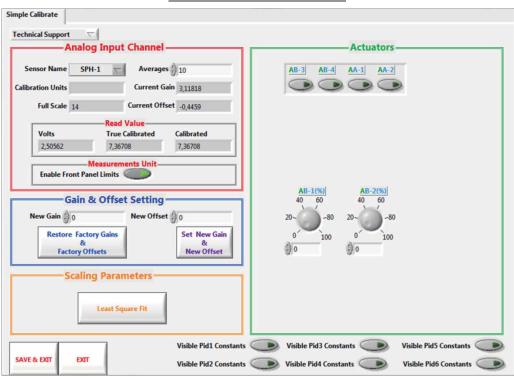
# **SCADA**

# Main screen



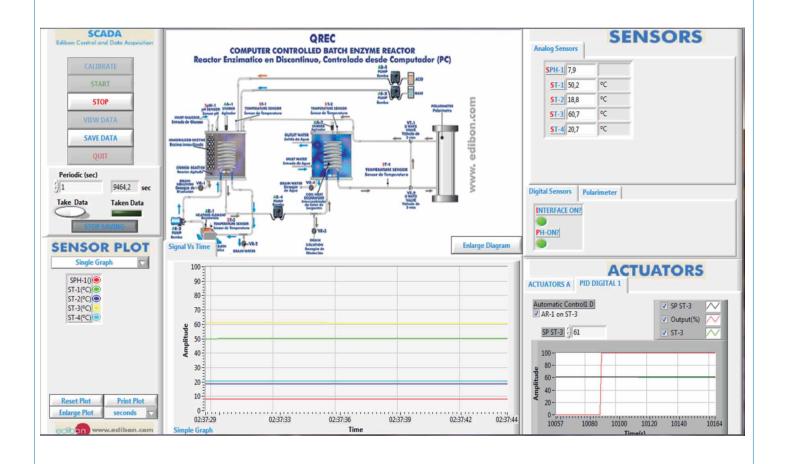
- Main software operation possibilities.
- (i) Sensors displays, real time values, and extra output parameters. Sensors: ST=Temperature sensor. SPH=pH sensor.
- (II) Actuators controls. Actuators: AB=Pump. AA=Stirrer. AR=Heating element.
- Channel selection and other plot parameters.
- Real time graphics displays.

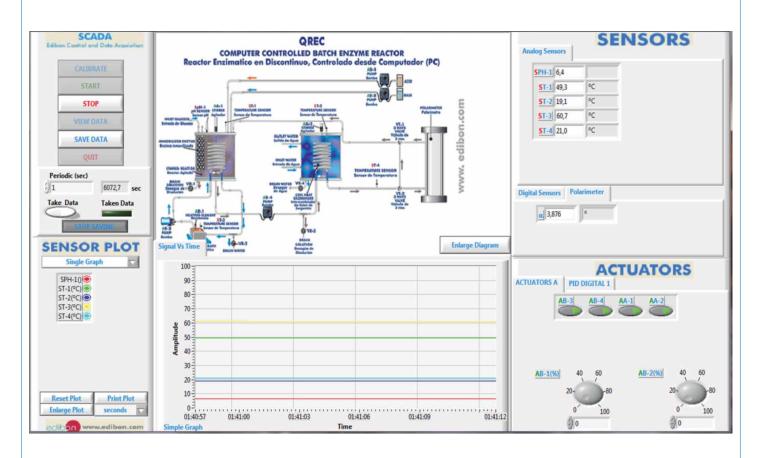
# Software for Sensors Calibration



By using a free of charge code, the teacher and the students can calibrate the unit.

The teacher can recover his/her own calibration by using the EDIBON code that we give free of charge.





# COMPLETE TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (for optional items)

Additionally to the main items (1 to 6) described, we can offer, as optional, other items from 7 to 12.

All these items try to give more possibilities for:

- a) Industrial configuration. (PLC)
- b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (CAI and FSS)
- c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration. (CAL)
- d) Multipost Expansions options. (Mini ESN and ESN)

#### a) Industrial configuration

# PLC. Industrial Control using PLC (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):

# PLC-PI. PLC Module:

Metallic box.

Circuit diagram in the module front panel.

Front panel:

Digital inputs(X) and Digital outputs (Y) block:

16 Digital inputs, activated by switches and 16 LEDs for confirmation (red).

14 Digital outputs (through SCSI connector) with 14 LEDs for message (green).

Analog inputs block:

**16 Analog inputs** (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

Analog outputs block:

**4 Analog outputs** (-10 V. to + 10 V.) (through SCSI connector).

Touch screen:

 $High \ visibility \ and \ multiple \ function. \ Display \ of \ a \ highly \ visible \ status. \ Recipe \ function. \ Bar \ graph \ function. \ Flow \ display \ function. \ Alarm \ list.$ 

Multi language function. True type fonts.

Back panel:

Power supply connector. Fuse 2A. RS-232 connector to PC. USB 2.0 connector to PC.

Inside:

Power supply outputs: 24 Vdc, 12 Vdc, -12 Vdc, 12 Vdc variable.

Panasonic PLC:

High-speed scan of 0.32  $\mu$ sec. for a basic instruction.

Program capacity of 32 Ksteps, with a sufficient comment area.

Power supply input (100 to 240 VAC).

DC input: 16 (24 V DC).

Relay output: 14.

High-speed counter.

Multi-point PID control

Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

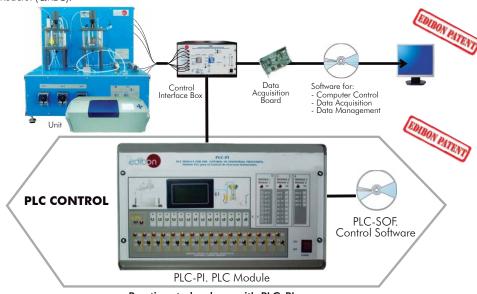
Communication RS232 wire to computer (PC)

 $Dimensions: 490\,x\,330\,x\,310\,mm.\ approx.\ (19.29\,x\,12.99\,x\,12.20\ in ches\ approx.). \\ Weight: 30\,Kg.\ approx.\ (66\ pounds\ approx.).$ 

#### **QREC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:**

For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

The software has been designed using Labview and it follows the unit operation procedure and linked with the Control Interface Box used in the Computer Controlled Batch Enzyme Reactor (QREC).



# Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- Control of the QREC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the QREC unit process.
- 3.- Calibration of all sensors included in the QREC unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the QREC unit process.
- 5.- Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the unit. (This experiment can be decided previously).
- 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases hardware elements do not exist. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrial environment to the process to be studied, etc).
- 7.- PLC hardware general use and manipulation.
- 8.- PLC process application for QREC unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.

- 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration.
- 11.- PLC configuration possibilities.
- 12.- PLC programming languages.
- 13.- PLC different programming standard languages.
- 14.- New configuration and development of new process.
- 15.- Hand on an established process.
- 16.- To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the  $\mbox{\sf QREC}$  unit process.
- 17.- Possibility of creating new process in relation with the QREC unit.
- 18.- PLC Programming exercises.
- 19.- Own PLC applications in accordance with teacher and student requirements.

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# b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

# ® QREC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

This complete software package includes two Softwares: the INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software) and the QREC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software).

This software is optional and can be used additionally to items (1 to 6).

This complete software package consists on an Instructor Software (INS/SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (QREC/SOF). Both are interconnected so that the teacher knows at any moment what is the theoretical and practical knowledge of the students.

- INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software): The Instructor can:

Organize Students by Classes and Groups.

Create easily new entries or delete them.

Create data bases with student information.

Analyze results and make statistical comparisons.

Generate and print reports.

Detect student's progress and difficulties.

...and many other facilities.

-QREC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software):
 It explains how to use the unit, run the experiments and what to do at any moment.

This Software contains:

Theory.

Exercises.

**Guided Practices.** 

Exams.

For more information see CAI catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/CAI.pdf

# INSTRUCTOR SOFTWA Results by Student TORY WHITE FIELD RESULTS Show Results by Student Show Results by Class

Instructor Software

# Student Software



# 

Faults Simulation System (FSS) is a Software package that simulates several faults in any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit. It is useful for Technical and Vocational level

The "FAULTS" mode consists on causing several faults in the unit normal operation. The student must find them and solve them.

There are several kinds of faults that can be grouped in the following sections:

Faults affecting the sensors measurement:

- An incorrect calibration is applied to them.
- Non-linearity.

#### Faults affecting the actuators:

- Actuators channels interchange at any time during the program execution.
- Response reduction of an actuator.

Faults in the controls execution:

- Inversion of the performance in ON/OFF controls.
- Reduction or increase of the calculated total response.
- The action of some controls is annulled.

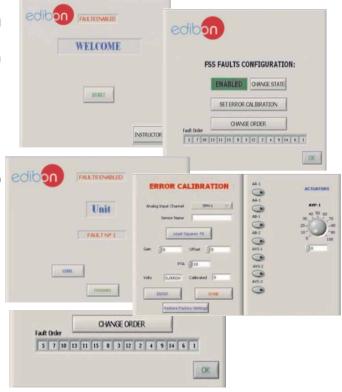
#### On/off faults:

- Several on/off faults can be included.

For more information see **FSS** catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/FSS.pdf

Example of some screens



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# c) <u>Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration</u>

# (Results Calculation and Analysis).

This Computer Aided Learning Software (CAL) is a Windows based software, simple and very easy to use, specifically developed by EDIBON. It is very useful for Higher Education level.

CAL is a class assistant that helps in doing the necessary calculations to extract the right conclusions from data obtained during the experimental practices.

CAL computes the value of all the variables involved and performs the calculations

It allows to plot and print the results. Within the plotting options, any variable can be represented against any other.

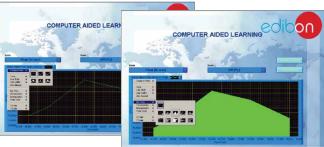
Different plotting displays.

It has a wide range of information, such as constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables.

For more information see **CAL** catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/CAL.pdf



Information of constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables



Plotting options

# d) Multipost Expansions options

# ① Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.

Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously. It is useful for both, Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education.

The Mini ESN system consists on the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit. Then, the number of possible users who can work with the same unit is higher than in an usual way of working (usually only one).

#### Main characteristics:

- It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control, connected in a local net.
- Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit
- Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/ students connected.

#### Main advantages:

- It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- This system allows you can save time and cost.
- Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

For more information see Mini ESN catalogue. Click on the following link: www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/Mini-ESN.pdf

# Mini ESN. **EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System** 1 UNIT = up to 30 STUDENTS can work simultaneously Batch Enzyme Reactor (QREC) Computer Control Control Interface Box Software: Computer Control+Data Acquisition+Data Management nstructor Central Mini Scada-Net Software 30 Student Posts LOCAL NET **OPEN CONTROL** Note: The Mini ESN MULTICONTROL system can be used with any EDIBON REAL TIME CONTROL computer controlled MULTI STUDENT POST

#### @ ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

This unit can be integrated, in future, into a Complete Laboratory with many Units and many Students.

For more information see **ESN** catalogue. Click on the following link:

www.edibon.com/products/catalogues/en/units/chemicalengineering/esn-chemicalengineering/ESN-CHEMICAL ENGINEERING.pdf

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# ORDER INFORMATION

# **Main items** (always included in the supply)

# Minimum supply always includes:

- 1) Unit: QREC. Batch Enzyme Reactor.
- 2 QREC/CIB. Control Interface Box.
- ③ DAB. Data Acquisition Board.
- QREC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software.
- **⑤** Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.
- 6 Manuals.
- \* <u>IMPORTANT:</u> Under <u>QREC</u> we always supply all the elements for immediate running as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

# $\underline{\textbf{Optional items}} \text{ (supplied under specific order)}$

a) Industrial configuration

- PLC. Industrial Control using PLC (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software):
  - PCL-PI. PLC Module.
  - QREC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software.

# b) Technical and Vocational configuration

- **3** QREC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.
- **②** QREC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.
- c) <u>Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration</u>
- QREC/CAL. Computer Aided Learning Software (Results Calculation and Analysis).
  - d) Multipost Expansions options
- 1 Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.
- @ ESN. EDIBON Scada-Net System.

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# TENDER SPECIFICATIONS (for main items)

#### ① QREC. Unit:

Bench-top unit.

Anodized aluminum structure and panels in painted steel.

Main metallic elements made of stainless steel.

Diagram in the front panel with similar distribution to the elements in the real unit.

Stirred batch reactor

A reactor, made of acrylic material and glass, where the isomerisation reaction takes place. It allows the visualization of the reaction. Reactor volume: 1.8 I.

An inner coil, made of stainless steel, through which hot water circulates to favor the isomerisation reaction.

A fixed catalyst basket immobilizes the enzyme, made of stainless steel.

The reactor includes a water inlet and a water outlet for the hot water flow system, a drain and a purge valve.

A computer controlled stirrer impeller to increase the efficiency of the enzyme-solution mixture; speed: 0-200 rpm.

The pH value of the solution can be adjusted by using the acid/base circuit system.

Coil heat exchanger:

A reactor, made of acrylic material and glass, where a small volume of the transferred solution of the reactor is cooled. Exchanger volume: 1.8 l.

An inner coil (of stainless steel) through which the reaction solution circulates.

A computer controlled stirrer to homogenize the temperature in the heat exchanger; speed: 0-200 rpm.

The exchanger includes a water inlet and a water outlet from the refrigeration system, a drain valve and a purge valve.

The polarimeter allows to measure the angle of rotation of polarized light to determine the concentration of glucose and fructose in the solution, angle of rotation, range: ±45.

The polarimeter includes two polarimetric tubes of different length: 100 mm and 200 mm.

A computer controlled peristaltic pump to transfer a small volume of solution from the stirred batch reactor to the coil heat exchanger; flow: 65 ml./min.

4 "J" type temperature sensors:

1 Temperature sensor located at the stirred batch reactor to measure the temperature of the mixture inside the reactor.

2 Temperature sensors located at the coil heat exchanger to measure the temperature of the water inside the heat exchanger and the outlet temperature of the

1 Temperature sensor located at the thermostatic bath of the hot water circulation system.

A pH sensor measures the pH of the mixture inside the stirred batch reactor; range: 1-13.

A hot water circulation system, including

Computer controlled pump.

Thermostatic bath, controlled by a PID from the computer (PC).

An acid/base circuit system, including:

Two peristaltic pumps (computer controlled) to introduce an acid or base solution into the stirred batch reactor.

Two vessels to contain the acid and base solutions.

A pressure reducer at the water inlet of the coil heat exchanger, range: 0.5 - 6 bar.

Two 3-way directional valves, which divert the solution between the polarimeter and the bypass.

Two valves are used to drain the solution from the hot water circulation system and to drain solution from the coil heat exchanger.

The complete unit includes as well:

Advanced Real-Time SCADA and PID Control.

Open Control + Multicontrol + Real-Time Control.

Specialized EDIBON Control Software based on Labview.

National Instruments Data Acquisition board (250 KS/s, kilo samples per second).

Calibration exercises, which are included, teach the user how to calibrate a sensor and the importance of checking the accuracy of the sensors before taking

Projector and/or electronic whiteboard compatibility allows the unit to be explained and demonstrated to an entire class at one time.

Capable of doing applied research, real industrial simulation, training courses, etc.

Remote operation and control by the user and remote control for EDIBON technical support, are always included.

Totally safe, utilizing 4 safety systems (Mechanical, Electrical, Electronic & Software).

Designed and manufactured under several quality standards.

Optional CAL software helps the user perform calculations and comprehend the results.

This unit has been designed for future expansion and integration. A common expansion is the EDIBON Scada-Net (ESN) System which enables multiple students to simultaneously operate many units in a network.

# 2 QREC/CIB. Control Interface Box:

. The Control Interface Box is part of the SCADA system. Control interface box with process diagram in the front panel.

The unit control elements are permanently computer controlled.

Simultaneous visualization in the computer of all parameters involved in the process.

Calibration of all sensors involved in the process.

Real time curves representation about system responses.

All the actuators' values can be changed at any time from the keyboard allowing the analysis about curves and responses of the whole process.

Shield and filtered signals to avoid external interferences.

Real time PID control with flexibility of modifications from the computer keyboard of the PID parameters, at any moment during the process.

Real time PID control for parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Proportional control, integral control and derivative control, based on the real PID mathematical formula, by changing the values, at any time, of the three control constants (proportional, integral and derivative constants).

Open control allowing modifications, at any moment and in real time, of parameters involved in the process simultaneously.

Three safety levels, one mechanical in the unit, another electronic in the control interface and the third one in the control software.

# 3 DAB. Data Acquisition Board:

The Data Acquisition board is part of the SCADA system.

PCI Express Data acquisition board (National Instruments) to be placed in a computer slot.

Analog input: Channels=16 single-ended or 8 differential. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536. Sampling rate up to: 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Analog output: Channels=2. Resolution=16 bits, 1 in 65536.

Digital Input/Output: Channels=24 inputs/outputs

# QREC/CCSOF. PID Computer Control + Data Acquisition + Data Management Software:

The three softwares are part of the SCADA system.

Compatible with the industry standards.

Flexible, open and multicontrol software, developed with actual windows graphic systems, acting simultaneously on all process parameters.

Analog and digital PID control, PID menu and set point selection required in the whole work range.

Management, processing, comparison and storage of data.

Sampling velocity up to 250 KS/s (kilo samples per second).

Calibration system for the sensors involved in the process.

It allows the registration of the alarms state and the graphic representation in real time.

Open software, allowing the teacher to modify texts, instructions. Teacher's and student's passwords to facilitate the teacher's control on the student, and allowing the access to different work levels.

This unit allows the 30 students of the classroom to visualize simultaneously all the results and the manipulation of the unit, during the process, by using a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

**5** Cables and Accessories, for normal operation.

Manuals: This unit is supplied with 8 manuals: Required Services, Assembly and Installation, Interface and Control Software, Starting-up, Safety, Maintenance, Calibration & Practices Manuals.

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#### Exercises and Practical Possibilities to be done with Main Items

- 1.-Study of the principles of catalytic batch reactors.
- 2.-Study of the type of enzyme in the specific activity of a catalytic batch reactors.
- 3.-Determination of optical rotation of fructose and glucose.
- 4.-Demonstration of Biot's law.
- 5.-Study of the principles of polarimetry.
- 6.-Determination of the glucose and fructose concentration by polarimetry.
- 7.-Study of the influence of different variables (solution concentration, reaction temperature, reaction pH) on enzyme activity.
- 8.-Determination of Michaelis-Menten rate equation constants in a batch enzyme reactor.
- 9.-Determination of the enzyme specific activity through Michaelis-Menten equation and Lineweaver-Burke plots.
- 10.-Study of the principles of batch enzyme kinetics.

Additional practical possibilities:

11.-Sensors calibration.

Other possibilities to be done with this Unit:

12.-Many students view results simultaneously.

To view all results in real time in the classroom by means of a projector or an electronic whiteboard.

13.-Open Control, Multicontrol and Real Time Control.

This unit allows intrinsically and/or extrinsically to change the span, gains; proportional, integral, derivate parameters; etc, in real time.

- 14.-The Computer Control System with SCADA and PID Control allow a real industrial simulation.
- 15.-This unit is totally safe as uses mechanical, electrical and electronic, and software safety devices.
- 16.-This unit can be used for doing applied research.
- 17.-This unit can be used for giving training courses to Industries even to other Technical Education Institutions.
- 18.-Control of the QREC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 19.-Visualization of all the sensors values used in the QREC unit process.
- By using PLC-Pl additional 19 more exercises can be done.
- Several other exercises can be done and designed by the user.

# **TENDER SPECIFICATIONS** (for optional items)

# a) Industrial configuration

# PLC. Industrial Control using PLC (it includes PLC-PI Module plus PLC-SOF Control Software): -PLC-PI. PLC Module:

Metallic box.

Circuit diagram in the module front panel.

Digital inputs(X) and Digital outputs (Y) block: 16 Digital inputs. 14 Digital outputs.

Analog inputs block: 16 Analog inputs. Analog outputs block: 4 Analog outputs.

Touch screen.
Panasonic PLC:

High-speed scan of 0.32 µsec. Program capacity of 32 Ksteps. High-speed counter. Multi-point PID control.

Digital inputs/outputs and analog inputs/outputs Panasonic modules.

#### -QREC/PLC-SOF. PLC Control Software:

For this particular unit, always included with PLC supply.

#### Practices to be done with PLC-PI:

- 1.- Control of the QREC unit process through the control interface box without the computer.
- 2.- Visualization of all the sensors values used in the QREC unit process.
- 3.- Calibration of all sensors included in the QREC unit process.
- 4.- Hand on of all the actuators involved in the QREC unit process.
- 5.- Realization of different experiments, in automatic way, without having in front the unit. (This experiment can be decided previously).
- 6.- Simulation of outside actions, in the cases hardware elements do not exist. (Example: test of complementary tanks, complementary industrial environment to the process to be studied, etc).
- 7.- PLC hardware general use and manipulation.
- 8.- PLC process application for QREC unit.
- 9.- PLC structure.
- 10.- PLC inputs and outputs configuration.
- 11.- PLC configuration possibilities.
- 12.- PLC programming languages.
- 13.- PLC different programming standard languages.
- 14.- New configuration and development of new process.
- 15.- Hand on an established process.
- 16.- To visualize and see the results and to make comparisons with the QREC unit process.
- 17.- Possibility of creating new process in relation with the QREC unit.
- 18.- PLC Programming exercises.
- $19.- Own \, PLC \, applications \, in \, accordance \, with \, teacher \, and \, student \, requirements.$

# b) Technical and Vocational Education configuration

# ® QREC/CAI. Computer Aided Instruction Software System.

This complete software package consists on an Instructor Software (INS/SOF) totally integrated with the Student Software (QREC/SOF).

-INS/SOF. Classroom Management Software (Instructor Software):

The Instructor can:

Organize Students by Classes and Groups.

Create easily new entries or delete them.

Create data bases with student information.

Analyze results and make statistical comparisons.

Generate and print reports.

Detect student's progress and difficulties.

-QREC/SOF. Computer Aided Instruction Software (Student Software):

It explains how to use the unit, run the experiments and what to do at any moment.

This Software contains:

Theory.

Exercises.

Guided Practices.

Exams.

#### QREC/FSS. Faults Simulation System.

Faults Simulation System (FSS) is a Software package that simulates several faults in any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit.

The "FAULTS" mode consists on causing several faults in the unit normal operation. The student must find them and solve them.

There are several kinds of faults that can be grouped in the following sections:

Faults affecting the sensors measurement:

- An incorrect calibration is applied to them.
- Non-linearity.

Faults affecting the actuators:

- Actuators channels interchange at any time during the program execution.
- Response reduction of an actuator.

Faults in the controls execution:

- Inversion of the performance in ON/OFF controls.
- Reduction or increase of the calculated total response.
- The action of some controls is annulled.

#### On/off faults:

- Several on/off faults can be included

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# c) Higher Education and/or Technical and Vocational Education configuration

# @QREC/CAL. Computer Aided Learning Software (Results Calculation and Analysis).

This Computer Aided Learning Software (CAL) is a Windows based software, simple and very easy to use.

CAL is a class assistant that helps in doing the necessary calculations to extract the right conclusions from data obtained during the experimental practices.

CAL computes the value of all the variables involved and performs the calculations.

It allows to plot and print the results. Within the plotting options, any variable can be represented against any other.

Different plotting displays.

It has a wide range of information, such as constant values, unit conversion factors and integral and derivative tables.

#### d) Multipost Expansions options

# 11 Mini ESN. EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System.

EDIBON Mini Scada-Net System allows up to 30 students to work with a Teaching Unit in any laboratory, simultaneously.

The Mini ESN system consists on the adaptation of any EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control integrated in a local network.

This system allows to view/control the unit remotely, from any computer integrated in the local net (in the classroom), through the main computer connected to the unit.

#### Main characteristics:

- -It allows up to 30 students to work simultaneously with the EDIBON Computer Controlled Unit with SCADA and PID Control, connected in a local net.
- -Open Control + Multicontrol + Real Time Control + Multi Student Post.
- -Instructor controls and explains to all students at the same time.
- -Any user/student can work doing "real time" control/multicontrol and visualisation.
- -Instructor can see in the computer what any user/student is doing in the unit.
- -Continuous communication between the instructor and all the users/students connected.

#### Main advantages:

- -It allows an easier and quicker understanding.
- -This system allows you can save time and cost.
- -Future expansions with more EDIBON Units.

The system basically will consist of:

This system is used with a Computer Controlled Unit.

- -Instructor's computer.
- -Students' computers.
- -Local Network.
- -Unit-Control Interface adaptation.
- -Unit Software adaptation.
- -Webcam.
- -Mini ESN Software to control the whole system.
- -Cables and accessories required for a normal operation.

\*Specifications subject to change without previous notice, due to the convenience of improvements of the product.



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